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# Review of giginsurance.com.au

Generated on February 10, 2020

## Introduction

This report provides a review of the key factors that influence the SEO and usability of your website.

The homepage rank is a grade on a 100-point scale that represents your Internet Marketing Effectiveness. The algorithm is based on 70 criteria including search engine data, website structure, site performance and others. A rank lower than 40 means that there are a lot of areas to improve. A rank above 70 is a good mark and means that your website is probably well optimized.

Internal pages are ranked on a scale of A+ through E and are based on an analysis of nearly 30 criteria.

Our reports provide actionable advice to improve a site's business objectives.

Please contact us for more information.

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## Iconography

 Passed

 To Improve

 Errors

 Informational

 Very hard to solve

 Hard to solve

 Easy to solve

 High impact

 Medium impact

 Low impact



✓ Title Tag Global Insurance Group – Insurance Brokers



**Length:** 42 character(s) (319 pixels)

Your HTML [title tag](#) appears in browser tabs, bookmarks and in search result pages.

Make your title tags clear, concise (65 characters, 200-569 pixels) and include your most important keywords.

Check the title tags for thousands of pages at once using [Site Crawl](#).

✗ Meta Description Missing



The meta description for [giginsurance.com.au](#) is missing.

Meta descriptions allow you to influence how your web pages are described and displayed in search results. A good description acts as a potential organic advertisement and encourages the viewer to click through to your site.

Keep it short and to the point; [the ideal meta description](#) should be between 70 and 160 characters spaces included (400 - 940 pixels).

Ensure that each of your web pages have a unique meta description that is explicit and contains your [most important keywords](#) for each page. These keywords are especially important because they appear in bold when they match the user's search query (See the Google Preview below).

Check your Google Search Console (Search Appearance > HTML Improvements) for any warning messages to identify meta descriptions that are too long/short or duplicated across more than one page.

👁 Google Preview Missing

This is a representation of what your title tag and meta description will look like in Google search results for both mobile and desktop users. Searchers on mobile devices will also see your site's favicon displayed next to the page's URL or domain.

Search engines may create their own titles and descriptions if they are missing, poorly written and/or not relevant to the content on the page and cut short if they go over the character limit. So it's important to be clear, concise and within the suggested character limit.

Check your title tag and meta description to make sure they are clear, concise, within the suggested character limit and that they convey the right message to encourage the viewer to click through to your site.

## ✓ Headings



<H1>	<H2>	<H3>	<H4>	<H5>
1	0	1	0	0

<H1>

<H3> Follow Us:

Great, your website is structured using HTML headings (<H1> to <H6>).

Use your keywords in the headings and make sure the first level (<H1>) includes your most important keywords. Never duplicate your title tag content in your header tag.

While it is important to ensure every page has an <H1> tag, only include more than one per page if you're using [HTML5](#). Instead, use multiple <H2> - <H6> tags.

## 🔍 Content Analysis

Community Broker Network	2	Global Insurance Group	2		
Insurance Brokers	4	visit	3	privacy	2

This data represents the words and phrases that your page appears to be optimized around. We use what's called "[natural language processing](#)" (NLP), which is a form of artificial intelligence that allows computers to read human language, to do this analysis.

The numbers next to each word or phrase represents how often we detected them and their variants on the page.

Are these the keywords you want to target for your page? If so, great! Track your site's rankings in Google search results using [WooRank's Keyword Tool](#).

If these keywords aren't relevant to your page, consider updating your content to optimize it for your target keywords.

## ✓ Alt Attribute



We found **5** images on this web page.

No ALT attributes are missing.

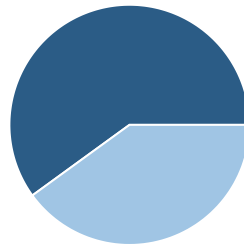
[Alternative text](#) allows you to add a description to an image. Since search engine crawlers cannot see images, they rely on [alternative text attributes to determine relevance to a search query](#). Alternative text also helps makes an image more likely to appear in a Google image search and is used by screen readers to provide context for visually impaired users.

It looks like most or all of your images have alternative text. Check the images on your website to make sure accurate and relevant alternative text is specified for each image on the page.

Try to keep your alternative text to a simple, one-sentence description of what's in the image.

## ✓ In-Page Links

We found a total of 15 link(s) including 3 link(s) to files



- Internal Links (60%)
- External Links: Follow (40%)
- External Links: NoFollow (0%)

Anchor	Type	Follow
<a href="#">Community Broker Net...</a>	External Links	Follow
<a href="#">National Insurance Bro...</a>	External Links	Follow
<a href="#">Steadfast Group</a>	External Links	Follow
<a href="#">No Anchor Text</a>	External Links	Follow
<a href="#">No Anchor Text</a>	External Links	Follow

and **10** more.

Links [pass value from one page to another](#). This value is called 'link juice'.

A page's link juice is split between all the links on that page so lots of unnecessary links on a page will dilute the value attributed to each link. There's no exact number of links to include on a page but best practice is to keep it under 200.

Using the [Nofollow](#) attribute in your links prevents some link juice, but these links are still taken into account when calculating the value that is passed through each link, so using lots of NoFollow links can still dilute PageRank.

Check your site's internal linking using [Site Crawl](#).

## ✓ Language

**Declared:** *English*



**Detected:** *English*

Great, your declared language matches the language detected on the page.

Make sure your declared language is the same as the [language detected by Google](#).

[Tips](#) for multilingual websites:

- [Define the language](#) of the content in each page's HTML code.
- Specify the language code in the URL as well (e.g., "mywebsite.com/fr/mycontent.html").
- Use [hreflang tags](#) to specify language and country for Google, and the "[content-language](#)" meta tag to specify the language and country for Bing.



## ✓ URL Resolve



Great, a redirect is in place to redirect traffic from your non-preferred domain.

All versions of your page point to the same URL.

URL	Resolved URL
<a href="http://giginsurance.com.au/">http://giginsurance.com.au/</a>	<a href="https://www.giginsurance.com.au/">https://www.giginsurance.com.au/</a>
<a href="http://www.giginsurance.com.au/">http://www.giginsurance.com.au/</a>	<a href="https://www.giginsurance.com.au/">https://www.giginsurance.com.au/</a>
<a href="https://giginsurance.com.au/">https://giginsurance.com.au/</a>	<a href="https://www.giginsurance.com.au/">https://www.giginsurance.com.au/</a>
<a href="https://www.giginsurance.com.au/">https://www.giginsurance.com.au/</a>	<a href="https://www.giginsurance.com.au/">https://www.giginsurance.com.au/</a>

Search engines see [www.giginsurance.com.au](http://www.giginsurance.com.au/) and [giginsurance.com.au](http://giginsurance.com.au/) as different websites. This means they could see a large amount of [duplicate content](#), which they don't like.

Fortunately your website redirects [www.giginsurance.com.au](http://www.giginsurance.com.au/) and [giginsurance.com.au](http://giginsurance.com.au/) to the same site.

## ✓ Robots.txt

<https://www.giginsurance.com.au/robots.txt>



A [robots.txt file](#) allows you to restrict the access of search engine crawlers to prevent them from accessing specific pages or directories. They also point the web crawler to your page's XML sitemap file.

Your site currently has a robots.txt file. You can use Google Search Console's Robots.txt Tester to submit and test your robots.txt file and to make sure Googlebot isn't crawling any restricted files.

See the pages you've disallowed with your robots.txt file with [Site Crawl](#).

## XML Sitemap

No sitemap found in your robots.txt.



We checked the robots.txt file for giginsurance.com.au but couldn't find an XML sitemap. Specifying the location of your [XML sitemaps](#) in your robots.txt file ensures that search engines and other crawlers find and access it easily each time they access your website.

Learn more about [adding your XML sitemap to your robots.txt file](#).

If you haven't created a sitemap yet, we recommend you generate one for your site and submit it through both [Google Search Console](#) and [Bing Webmaster Tools](#). Usually, your XML sitemap would be found at giginsurance.com.au/sitemap.xml

Make sure to only include the pages you want search engines to crawl, so leave out any that have been blocked in a robots.txt file. Avoid using any URLs that cause redirects or error codes and be consistent in using your preferred URLs (with or without www.), correct protocols (http vs. https) and trailing slashes.

## URL Parameters

Good, the URLs look clean.

URL parameters are used to track user behaviors on site (session IDs), traffic sources (referrer IDs) or to give users control over the content on the page (sorting and filtering). The issue with URL parameters is that Google sees each unique parameter value as a new URL hosting the same thing - meaning you could have a [duplicate content](#) problem. Sometimes, it's able to [recognize these URLs](#) and group them together. It then algorithmically decides which URL is the best representation of the group and uses it to consolidate ranking signals and display in search results. You can help Google recognize the best URL by using the rel="canonical" tag.

Use the [URL Parameters Tool](#) in Google Search Console to tell Google how your URL parameters affect page content and how to crawl URLs with parameters. Use this tool very carefully - you can easily prevent Google from crawling pages you want indexed through overly restrictive crawling settings, especially if you have URLs with [multiple parameters](#).

Check the On-Page section of [Site Crawl](#) to identify any duplicate content issues.

## Hreflang Tags

No hreflang tags were found on this page

The [hreflang tag](#) is an HTML tag that tells search engines which languages and (optionally) countries a page's content is relevant for. Hreflang tags also tell search engines where to find the relevant content in alternate languages.

If your website targets users all around the world, using hreflang tags will help make sure the right content is being served to the right users.

The value of the hreflang attribute identifies the language (in [ISO 639-1](#) format) and optionally a region in [ISO 3166-1 Alpha 2](#) format of an alternate URL.

Use [WooRank's Site Crawl](#) to perform a thorough check on hreflang validity across a website.

## ✓ Broken links

No broken links were found on this web page



[Broken links](#) send users to non-existent web pages. They hurt a site's usability and reputation, which impacts SEO.

Fortunately your page doesn't contain any broken links.

Be proactive in checking your pages to make sure they don't have any broken links.

See the HTTP status for potentially thousands of links using [Site Crawl](#).

## ✓ Underscores in the URLs

Great, you are not using underscores (these\_are\_underscores) in your URLs.

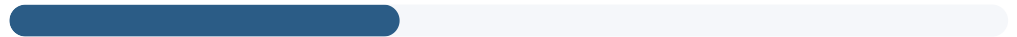


Great, you aren't using [underscores](#) (these\_are\_underscores) in your URLs.

Google sees hyphens as word separators while underscores aren't recognized. So the search engine sees [www.example.com/green\\_dress](#) as [www.example.com/greendress](#). The bots will have a hard time determining this URL's relevance to a keyword.

## 👁 Discovered Pages

37



We've discovered 37 pages on [giginsurance.com.au](#).

Discovered pages do not impact your ranking but this is very handy information to have to make sure that your site's pages are being indexed correctly.

A low number can indicate that bots are unable to discover your pages, which is commonly caused by bad site architecture and poor internal linking. Or you've unknowingly prevented bots and search engines from crawling and indexing your pages. An unusually high number could be an indication of duplicate content due to URL parameters.

Make sure your website's [XML sitemap](#) is present and that you've submitted it to the major search engines. [Building backlinks](#) to your website's internal pages will also help bots to discover, [crawl and index](#) them, while building authority to help them rank in search results at the same time.

Check Index Status and Crawl Errors in [Google Search Console](#) to track the status of your crawled/indexed pages.

If the number shown here doesn't sound right, we recommend to use [WooRank's Site Crawl](#) analysis to find out why.

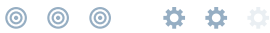
If you use parameters in your URL like session IDs or sorting and filtering, use the [rel="canonical" tag](#) to tell search engines which version of those pages is the original.





## Mobile Friendliness

Fair

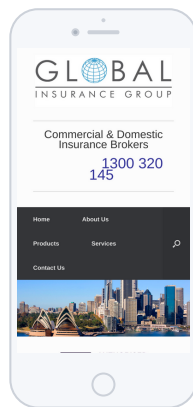


This website is not optimized for Mobile Visitors

**Mobile friendly** pages make it easy for users to complete their objectives and common tasks and use a design or template that is consistent across all devices (uses responsive web design).

Google released a new mobile ranking algorithm that expanded the use of mobile-friendliness in its mobile search rankings. With almost half of all Google search queries originating on a mobile device, it is important to make sure your mobile site is optimized for these users.

## Mobile Rendering



This is how your website appears when displayed on different mobile devices.

With more than half of all Google search queries originating on a mobile device, it is important to make sure your mobile site is optimized for these users.

## Tap Targets

Perfect, your page's tap targets are big enough and have enough space between them.



Great, your links and buttons are big enough to be easily tapped and spaced enough so that a user's finger pressing on one tap target does not inadvertently touch another tap target.

## Plugins

Perfect, no plugin content detected.



Great, your website does not embed any special types of web content, such as [Flash](#), [Silverlight](#) or [Java](#), so your content can be accessed on all devices.

## Mobile Viewport



✘ This page does not specify a viewport, or the viewport is not well configured.

✔ The content fits within the specified viewport size.

The viewport is an element of a page's responsive design. It's the area of a webpage visible to the user and varies between devices.

It looks like your page could be missing a [meta viewport](#).

Use the meta viewport tag in the <head> to set the viewport to the device's screen size. It should look like this: <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">.

## Mobile Frameworks

No mobile frameworks have been detected.

Mobile or [responsive frameworks](#) are an important part of website optimization as they assist developers in creating applications which are applicable to multiple devices.

## AMP

We didn't find AMP on your page.

[AMP](#) is an open-source library that provides a straightforward way to create web pages that are compelling, smooth, and load near instantaneously for users.

Check your AMP markup with the [AMP validator](#).



## Schema.org

We didn't detect any schema.org items on your webpage



[Get started](#) using Schema.org vocabulary and marking up your webpage.

Schema.org is a set of vocabularies used to add meaning to the information on a webpage in a way that is readable by machines (Google). Schema.org vocabularies include attributes for entities, relationships between entities and actions.

Learn more in [Google's intro to structured data](#). Structuring data on your pages can help [increase website traffic](#) and [improve audience engagement](#). Schema.org vocabulary can be added to a page using many different formats, including RDFa, Microdata and JSON-LD.

## Open Graph Protocol

We didn't detect any Open Graph tags on your webpage



Facebook developed the [Open Graph protocol](#) to enable the integration of any web page with its social media platform. Other social media platforms have also adopted the protocol, allowing you to control how your web pages are presented when shared across social media.

Use the [Sharing Debugger](#) to check what information appears when shared on Facebook and the [Twitter Cards Validator](#) to do the same for Twitter.

## Microformats

We didn't detect any microformat items on your webpage

Designed for humans first and machines second, [microformats](#) use code (HTML/XHTML tags) originally intended for other purposes to add context to the content on a webpage. This helps machines (like Google!) to understand certain information (contact information, geographic coordinates, calendar events, etc.) intended for humans.



## 🔍 Email Privacy

Good, no email address has been found in plain text.

We don't recommend adding plain text/linked email addresses to your webpages, as malicious bots scrape the web in search of email addresses to spam. Instead, consider using a contact form.

## ✅ SSL Secure

Great, your website is SSL secured (HTTPS).



- ✅ Your website's URLs redirect to HTTPS pages.
- ❌ Your headers are not properly set up to use [HSTS](#).
- ✅ The SSL certificate expires in 2 years.
- ✅ The certificate issuer is GoDaddy.com, Inc..

Modern websites tend to be SSL secured (HTTPS) as it provides an extra security layer while logging in to your Web Service. In 2014, [Google announced](#) that an HTTPS (vs HTTP) website would receive an extra boost in their ranking.

While switching to HTTPS, make sure your site remains optimized and see to it that your website will still run quickly. Follow these best practices for a smooth transition:

- Use a serious issuer to purchase your SSL certificate
- Redirect all of your HTTP pages to the HTTPS version of your website
- Use [HTTP Strict Transport Security \(HSTS\)](#) in your headers
- Renew your SSL certificate every year, before it expires
- Make sure that all of your content (CSS, etc.) is linked to HTTPS
- Update your XML sitemap to ensure the URLs include HTTPS and update the robots.txt file to reference this version
- Register the HTTPS website in Google & Bing Search Console/Webmaster Tools

# Performance



## Asset Minification

You could reduce 26% 71.1 KiB by minifying the asset(s) listed below.



URL	Reduction size
<a href="https://www.giginsurance.com.au/wp-content...">https://www.giginsurance.com.au/wp-content...</a>	3.2 KiB
<a href="https://www.giginsurance.com.au/wp-content...">https://www.giginsurance.com.au/wp-content...</a>	18.1 KiB
<a href="https://www.giginsurance.com.au/wp-content...">https://www.giginsurance.com.au/wp-content...</a>	5.3 KiB
<a href="https://www.giginsurance.com.au/wp-content...">https://www.giginsurance.com.au/wp-content...</a>	3.3 KiB
<a href="https://www.giginsurance.com.au/wp-content...">https://www.giginsurance.com.au/wp-content...</a>	14.9 KiB

and **2** more.

Fast websites make happy visitors. Enabling [minification](#) on assets like HTML, JavaScript and CSS files will reduce their transfer size. Every time a page is requested from your website less bytes and lighter assets are sent over the network resulting in faster delivery which loads your website faster for your customers.

## Asset Compression

Perfect, all your assets are compressed.



Great! We didn't find uncompressed assets on your web page.

[Compressing assets](#) reduces the amount of time it takes a user's browser to download files from your server. Enabling compression is an important part of reducing the amount of time it takes your website to load.

## Asset Cacheability



We found a total of 26 uncached asset(s) listed below.

URL	Freshness lifetime
<a href="https://www.giginsurance.com.au/wp-include...">https://www.giginsurance.com.au/wp-include...</a>	Expiration not specified
<a href="https://www.giginsurance.com.au/wp-content...">https://www.giginsurance.com.au/wp-content...</a>	Expiration not specified
<a href="https://www.giginsurance.com.au/wp-content...">https://www.giginsurance.com.au/wp-content...</a>	Expiration not specified
<a href="https://www.giginsurance.com.au/wp-content...">https://www.giginsurance.com.au/wp-content...</a>	Expiration not specified
<a href="https://www.giginsurance.com.au/wp-content...">https://www.giginsurance.com.au/wp-content...</a>	Expiration not specified

and **21** more.

Fast websites make happy visitors. Caching assets such as images, javascript and CSS files allows a browser to keep these files in local storage so it doesn't have to download them every time it requests a page on your website. This will lower the bandwidth used and improve the page load time.

To learn more on how to enable caching for your assets you can check out our guide to [asset caching and SEO](#) or consult Google's PageSpeed Insights [guide on browser caching](#).

# Technologies



## Server IP

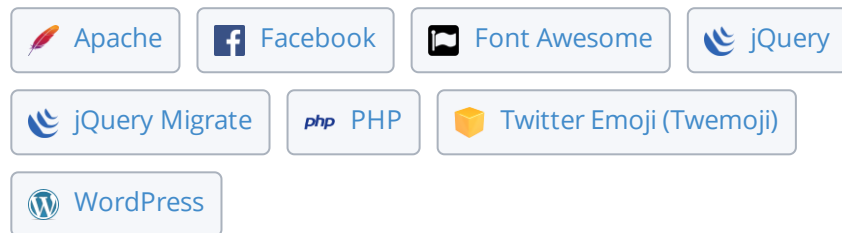
166.62.28.82

**Server location:**  Scottsdale

Your server's IP address [has little impact](#) on your SEO. Nevertheless, try to host your website on a server which is geographically close to your visitors. Search engines take the geolocation of a server into account as well as the server speed.

Use [DNSstuff](#) for comprehensive reports on your server.

## Technologies



Get to know the technologies used for your website. Some codes might slow down your website. Ask your webmaster to take a look at this.

## Analytics

No technologies detected.



Web analytics let you measure visitor activity on your website. You should have at least one analytics tool installed, but It can also be good to install a second in order to cross-check the data.

Popular Analytics Tools Include: [Google Analytics](#), [Quantcast™](#), [AdobeAnalytics™](#), [Piwik™](#), [chartbeat™](#), [Clicky™](#), [ClickTale™](#), etc.

## Doctype

HTML5

The Doctype is used to instruct web browsers about the document type being used. For example, what version of HTML the page is written in.

Declaring a [doctype](#) helps web browsers to render content correctly.

## ✓ Encoding

Great, language/character encoding is specified: utf8



Specifying [language/character encoding](#) can prevent problems with the rendering of [special characters](#).





## 🔍 URL

giginsurance.com.au

**Length:** 12 character(s)

Keep your URLs short and clean and avoid long domain names when possible.

A descriptive URL is better recognized by search engines. A user should be able to look at the address bar and make an accurate guess about the content of the page before reaching it (e.g., <http://www.mysite.com/en/products>).

Keep in mind that URLs are also an important part of a comprehensive [SEO strategy](#). Use clean URLs to [make your site more "crawlable" by Google](#).

Resource: Search for a [good domain name](#). If no good names are available, consider a [second hand domain](#). To prevent brand theft, you might consider trademarking your domain name.

## 🌐 Favicon

🌐 Great, your website has a favicon.

[Favicons](#) are the small icons that represent a website, company and/or brand. They can be displayed (among other instances) in browser tabs or bookmarks. Google also displays favicons in a page's search snippet in mobile search results.

You can see how your site's favicon appears in search results in the Google Preview above.

Make sure your favicon is [consistent with your brand](#) to help improve visibility.

## ✅ Custom 404 Page

Great, your website has a custom 404 error page.



Your server responded with the HTTP status code: [404](#)

[Custom 404 error pages](#) are an opportunity for you to reduce customer frustration and link to other pages on your site.



## Domain Availability

Domains	Status	
giginsurance.com	Expires in a year	
giginsurance.net	Expires in 2 months	
giginsurance.org	Expires in 2 months	
giginsurance.info	Available. <a href="#">Register it now!</a>	
giginsurance.biz	Available. <a href="#">Register it now!</a>	

and **1** more.

Register the various extensions of your domain to protect your brand from cybersquatters.

## Typo Availability

Domains	Status	
giginsurancs.com.au	Available. <a href="#">Register it now!</a>	
giginsurace.com.au	Available. <a href="#">Register it now!</a>	
iginsurance.com.au	Available. <a href="#">Register it now!</a>	
gigihsurance.com.au	Available. <a href="#">Register it now!</a>	
giginurance.com.au	Available. <a href="#">Register it now!</a>	

and **2** more.

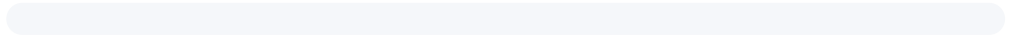
Register the various typos of your domain to protect your brand from cybersquatters.

# Backlinks



## Backlinks Score

Bad

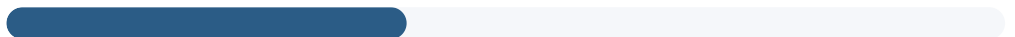


The backlinks score is calculated by looking at a combination of link signals. This includes the overall number of backlinks together with the number of linking domains, as well as rating the overall quality of the backlinks pointing to a website. The quality assessment is based on the linking pages.

Use these WooRank guides to [audit your links](#), [evaluate their quality](#), [build new links](#) and [reclaim old links](#).

## Backlinks Counter

39



We've detected 39 backlinks pointing to your site.

Backlinks are links that point to your website from other websites. They are like letters of recommendation for your site.

Check out our guide on [how to build links for SEO](#). If your backlink counter is high, keep an eye on the [quality of the links](#) coming your way.

## Referring Domains

3

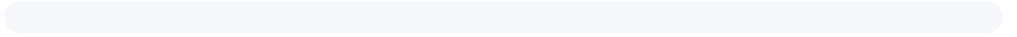


This number tells you the number of domains linking back to your site. If you have lots of backlinks but a low backlink score, having a lot of links from low-quality social media or blogging platforms could be the cause.



## × Traffic Estimations

Very Low



This shows your estimated traffic for [giginsurance.com.au](https://giginsurance.com.au) compared to any competitors you have chosen. We use [Alexa](#) for this information.

## ▶ Traffic Rank

Global rank too low to be calculated.

Local rank too low to be calculated.

A low rank means that your website gets a lot of visitors.

Your [Alexa Rank](#) is a good estimate of the worldwide traffic to [giginsurance.com.au](https://giginsurance.com.au), although it is not 100 percent accurate.

Reviewing the [most visited websites](#) by country can give you valuable insights.



## Local Directories

[Add your Google My Business profile or create one](#)

[Add your Yelp page or create one](#)

This is a list of the local directories where your business has been found. Take care of your listings in local directories; since maps are now an integral part of search results, your [Google My Business page](#) may have more visitors than your website!

It is important to make sure that your business details are correct in each directory where you are listed. Find the directories in your country ([USA](#), [UK](#) and [Canada](#).) and enhance your listings with pictures, video, schedules and as many customer reviews as possible.

## Online Reviews

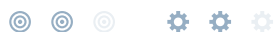
No local reviews found.

These are the latest reviews of your business that can be found in local directories. Surveys show that 90 percent of customers say buying decisions are influenced by [online reviews](#) so take the time to make a good impression and [gather positive feedback](#). Strategies for gaining reviews may differ by audience or business type; in general, consider asking for reviews, making it easy to send in feedback and having a prominent social presence.

# Social Profiles



✖ Social Media Engagement Your homepage has not been widely shared on social networks.



Facebook Shares	0
Facebook Comments	0
Facebook Likes	0

The impact of social media is huge for certain industries, take advantage of this digital version of word-of-mouth marketing. However, it looks like [giginsurance.com.au](https://giginsurance.com.au) has not been widely shared on social media.

Create social media profiles associated with [giginsurance.com.au](https://giginsurance.com.au) on [Facebook](#), [Pinterest](#), [LinkedIn](#), and other sites that are of interest to your customers.

Learn how to [engage](#) your social media audiences and create a consistent fan base. You can also [use your website](#) to increase your popularity on social platforms.

[Check these helpful tools](#) for managing your social media campaign.

Note: This data is based on [engagements from like and share buttons on your site, or people copying and pasting your URLs directly into Facebook](#). It does not include people who like or share your branded social media pages.

✖ Facebook Page We found <https://www.facebook.com/globalinsurancegroupsydney> on your webpage. If this is your account, add it to your structured data.



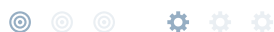
[Add your Facebook Page](#) or [create one](#)

We couldn't find a Facebook page for [giginsurance.com.au](https://giginsurance.com.au) defined in your structured data.

Facebook is a vital channel for any business' digital marketing. [Almost every Millennial](#) expects you to have a presence on Facebook.

Use [Facebook Insights](#) to measure and track your audience's engagement with your posts to get the most out of your social media efforts. Link your Facebook profile with [giginsurance.com.au](https://giginsurance.com.au) and [add a CTA](#) to really maximize your social media marketing efforts.

✖ Twitter Account *Not found*



[Add your Twitter account](#) or [create one](#)

We couldn't find a Twitter account for [giginsurance.com.au](https://giginsurance.com.au) defined in your structured data. Twitter, simply put, is huge: [67 million monthly American users](#) and 310 million people worldwide. Even better, there's a positive correlation between social media use and [education and household income](#). By not having a Twitter account, you're potentially missing out on a huge audience.

Create a Twitter account for your brand and link it with your website to prevent [brandjacking](#) and help make your social media marketing more effective. Here are a [few tips](#) to help create a Twitter promotion plan. Use [Twitter Dashboard and Analytics](#) to track and optimize your Twitter feed for the engagements that are most valuable to your marketing plan.

 Instagram Account

*Not found*



[Add your Instagram Account or create one](#)

We couldn't find an Instagram account for [giginsurance.com.au](https://giginsurance.com.au) defined in your structured data.

There are over 800 million Instagram accounts active every month, and 500 million of those are active every single day. This means that when it comes to content, you've got about 800 million potential sets of eyes ready to enjoy your content.

If you do have an Instagram account for [giginsurance.com.au](https://giginsurance.com.au), check our article on [how to link your social medias](#).